




<b>Assess your learning – Circular Motion</b> Rate your understanding of this chapter ( <i>be honest!</i> )	 No	 Kinda	 Yes	Revised for <b>Week            10 Exam</b>	Revised for <b>Mocks</b>
I can solve problems involving a mixture of linear speed and angular speed. <b>E.g.</b> A particle is moving in a circle with angular speed of $6 \text{ rad/s}$ . If the velocity of the particle is $9 \text{ cm/s}$ , find the radius of the circle of motion.					
I can solve problems involving particles moving in horizontal circles. <b>E.g.</b> A particle of mass $8 \text{ kg}$ is moving in a horizontal circle on a smooth table. It is connected by a light inextensible string of length $0.7 \text{ m}$ to a point that is $0.4 \text{ m}$ vertically above the centre of the circle of motion. The reaction force at the table is $30 \text{ N}$ . Find the angular velocity and the tension in the string.					
I can solve problems involving vertical circles. <b>E.g.</b> A ring $P$ of mass $m$ is threaded on a smooth circular wire, with centre $O$ and a radius $r$ . The circular wire is fixed in a vertical position. The ring is projected horizontally with an initial speed of $u$ from the lowest point on the wire. Find the value of $u$ , so that the ring just makes it to the top of the wire.					
I can solve problems involving Hooke's Law. <b>E.g.</b> A particle of mass $2 \text{ kg}$ is attached to one end of an elastic string of natural length $1 \text{ m}$ and elastic constant $40 \text{ N/m}$ . The other end is attached to a fixed point on a smooth horizontal table. The particle begins to move in a circle of radius $3 \text{ m}$ . Find its angular speed.					