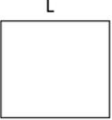
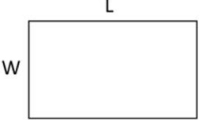
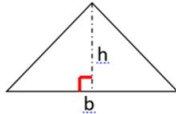
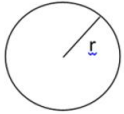
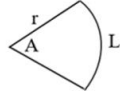

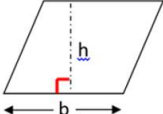
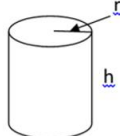
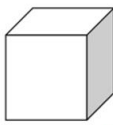
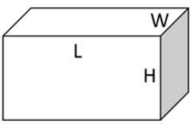
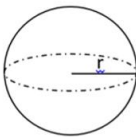
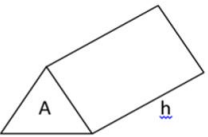


Topic 12: Area/Volume

1) **The Formulae:** (Note the ones with an asterisk next to them are **NOT** in the Tables)

<p>Square:</p>  <p>Area = L^2 *</p> <p>Per = $4L$ *</p>	<p>Rectangle:</p>  <p>Area = $L \times W$ *</p> <p>Per = $2L + 2W$ *</p>	<p>Triangle:</p>  <p>Area = $\frac{1}{2} b \times h$</p>	<p>Circle:</p>  <p>Area = πr^2</p> <p>Circum = $2\pi r$</p>	<p>Sector:</p>  <p>Area = $\frac{A}{360^\circ} \times \pi r^2$</p> <p>$L = \frac{A}{360^\circ} \times 2\pi r$</p>	<p>Cone:</p>  <p>Vol = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$</p> <p>CSA = $\pi r L$</p>
<p>Parallelogram:</p>  <p>Area = $b \times h$</p>	<p>Cylinder:</p>  <p>Vol = $\pi r^2 h$</p> <p>CSA = $2\pi r h$</p>	<p>Cube / Cuboid:</p>  <p>Vol = L^3 *</p> <p>TSA = $6L^2$ *</p>	 <p>Vol = $L \times W \times H$ *</p> <p>TSA = $2LW + 2WH + 2HL$ *</p>	<p>Sphere:</p>  <p>Vol = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$</p> <p>CSA = $4\pi r^2$</p>	<p>Prism:</p>  <p>Vol = Area $A \times h$</p>

2) **Solving Problems:**

a) Tips for solving Area/Volume problems:

1. Draw a good-sized diagram.
2. Label and fill in all information given.
3. Identify the shapes in the question.
4. Write down relevant formulae for those shapes.

b) Recasting/Remoulding:

- Melting down shapes and making new shapes.

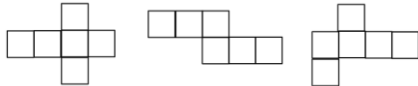
$$\text{Vol of Old Shape} = \text{Vol of New Shape(s)}$$

3) **Nets:**

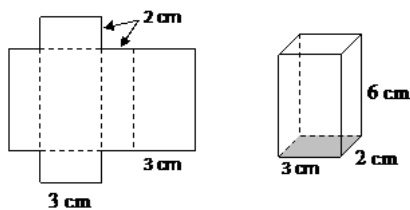
- The **net**, of a particular shape, is a flat surface that, when folded, can be made into that shape.

a) Nets of Cubes:

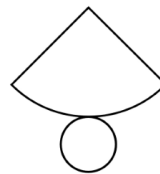
- There are 11 nets for a cube. Some are shown below.



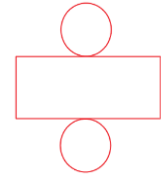
b) Net of a Cuboid:



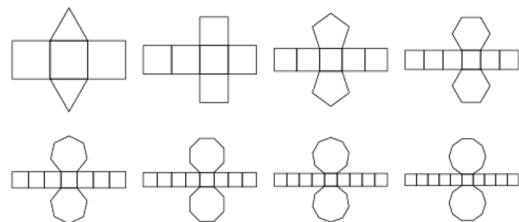
c) Net of a Cone:



d) Net of a Cylinder:



d) Nets for some Polygonal Prisms:



4) **Trapezoidal Rule:**

Note:

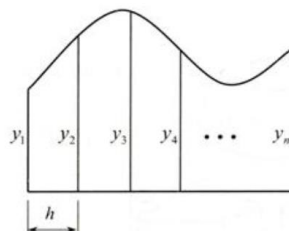
- Used to **estimate** the area of **irregular** shapes.

$$A \approx \frac{h}{2} [y_1 + y_n + 2(y_2 + y_3 + \dots + y_{n-1})]$$

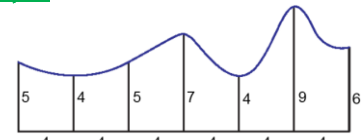
1st height

Last height

Other heights



Example: Find an estimate of the area below:



$$A \approx \frac{h}{2} [y_1 + y_n + 2(y_2 + y_3 + \dots + y_{n-1})]$$

$$A \approx \frac{4}{2} [5 + 6 + 2(4 + 5 + 7 + 4 + 9)]$$

$$A \approx 2[69] = 138 \text{ units}^2$$