Q1. The Line Basics (2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Year Line - Unit 2)
a) $A(2,3), B(-1,5), C(3,-4), D(-2,-4), E(0,4)$ are five points in the plane. Plot the five points on a coordinate diagram and then find the following:
i) The midpoint of [CE]
ii) The slope of [AB]
iii) $\quad|B C|$ in surd form
iv) The equation of the line through the points $A$ and $B$.
v) Where the line $A B$ crosses the $y$-axis
vi) The area of the triangle CDE
b) i) Write down the slopes of the lines shown in the diagram below:

ii) Write down the slope of a line that is parallel to $b$.
iii) Write down the slope of a line that is perpendicular to $c$.

## Q2. The Line (A bit trickier!)

The equations of 3 lines are shown below. Answer the questions below.
$p: 5 x-2 y-3=0 \quad q: 2 x+5 y-7=0 \quad r: 3 x-4 y+12=0$
a) Write down the slopes of the lines $p, q$ and $r$.
b) Investigate if $p$ is perpendicular to $q$ or not.
c) Sketch the line $r$ on a diagram.
d) Find the area of the triangle made by the line $r$, the $x$-axis and the $y$ - axis.
e) Investigate if the point $(6,-1)$ is on the line $q$ or not.
f) Find the point of intersection of the lines $p$ and $q$.
g) Find the equation of the line that is parallel to the line $r$, and is passing through the point of intersection of the lines $p$ and $q$. Write your answer in the form $a x+b y+c$ $=0$

Q3. Extra Challenge Questions and Problem Solving:
a) $A(5,2)$ and $B(x, y)$ are two points. If $(2,4)$ is the midpoint of $[A B]$, find the coordinates of $B$.
b) The points $(-2,3)$ and $(6,5)$ are the end points of a diameter of a circle. Find the coordinates of the centre of the circle.
c) If the slope of the line through the points $(3,2)$ and $(8, k)$ is $\frac{3}{5}$, find the value of k.
d) Given the points $A(3,2), B(2,3), C(-2,-1)$ and $D(k, 5)$. Find the value of $k$ if $A B \| C D$.
e) Explain what the ' $c$ ' represents in the equation of a line that has been written in the form $y=m x+c$.
f) If the line $x+2 y-6=0$ is parallel to the line $2 x+k y-5=0$, find the value of the line $k$.
g) The slope of the line through $(4,-2)$ and $(1, k)$ is $\frac{1}{3}$. Find the value of $k$.
h) If the line $2 x-3 y+7=0$ is perpendicular to the line $3 x+k y-4=0$, find the value of $k$.
i) If (1, 4) is on the line $2 x+y+p=0$, find the value of $p$.
j) If $(1, t)$ lies on the line $y=2 x+3$, find the value of $t$.
k) The line $a x+y+1=0$ passes through the point of intersection of the lines $x=2$ and the $x$-axis. Find the value of $a$.
I) A graph of the line $y=a x+b$ is shown on the right.
i) Find the values of $a$ and $b$.
ii) Sketch the line $y=2 x+3$ on the diagram on the right.
iii) Sketch a line with a slope of $-\frac{3}{2}$ onto the diagram also.
iv) Write down the equation of the line you've drawn in part (iii) in the form $y=m x+c$.

m) Explain what is meant by two lines that are "perpendicular" to each other.

## Revision Sheet 2 Solutions:

Q1.
a) i) $(1.5,0)$
ii) $-\frac{2}{3}$
iii) $\sqrt{97}$
iv) $2 x+3 y-13=0$
v) $x=0, x=\left(0, \frac{13}{3}\right)$
vi) Area $=20$ units $^{2}$
b) i) Slope $a=1$, Slope $b=-\frac{2}{5}$, Slope $c=\frac{5}{2}$, Slope $d=0$
ii) Slope of parallel line to $b=-\frac{2}{5}$
iii) Slope of perpendicular line to $c=-\frac{2}{5}$

Q2.
a) slope $p=\frac{5}{2}$, slope $q=-\frac{2}{5}$, slope $r=\frac{3}{4}$
b) Yes it is.
c) crosses axes at $(-4,0)$ and $(0,3)$
d) Area $=6$ units $^{2}$
e) Yes it is.
f) $(1,1)$
g) $3 x-4 y+1=0$

Q3.
a) $(-1,6)$
b) $(2,4)$
c) $k=5$
d) $k=-8$
e) The $y$-axis intercept.
f) $k=4$
g) $k=-3$
h) $k=2$
i) $p=-6$
j) $t=5$
k) $a=-\frac{1}{2}$

1) i) $a=2, b=-3$
ii) Parallel line going through $(0,3)$
m) 2 lines that intersect each other at $90^{\circ}$
